

**St. Xavier's College (Autonomous), Ahmedabad**  
**Syllabus of Semester – II of the following departments under Faculty of Science**  
**based on Under Graduate Curriculum Framework – 2023 (NEP)**  
**to be implemented from the Academic Year 2023-24.**

**FACULTY OF SCIENCE**

**DEPARTMENT OF BIOCHEMISTRY**

Course	Title	Content	Hours/Week	Credit
<b>DSC-1 (Theory)</b>	BC – 2501 Concepts in Cell Biology	U-1: Membrane Structure and Cytoskeleton U-2: Cell organelles U-3: Cell – cell Interaction and Communication U-4: Cell cycle and Cell Death	4 hrs	<b>4</b>
<b>DSC-1 (Lab)</b>	BC – 2502L Basic Techniques in Cell Biology	Practical based as per Theory syllabus	8 hrs	<b>4</b>
<b>SEC</b>	BC – 2650 Biophysical Techniques - II	U-1: Spectroscopy U-2: Chromatography	4 hrs	<b>2</b>

**BSC. (HONS.) BIOCHEMISTRY SYLLABUS**

**SEMESTER – II**

**Major Discipline Course – 1: Concepts in Cell Biology**

Course Code	Title &	Credit Distribution of The Course			Eligibility Criteria	Prerequisite(s) of the Course (if any)
		Lecture	Tutorial	Practical / Practice		
BC – 2501	Concepts in Cell Biology	4 (60 hr)	0	0	10 + 2 from a recognized board in any stream	Nil

**I. Course Learning Objectives**

The basic unit of life is a cell. Therefore, study of its structure and functions gives an insight into an intricately woven network of efficient and coordinated molecular mechanisms that renders a cell fit to not just survive but also to multiply, get differentiated and move around. Understanding various concepts like how cells originated, transport across membranes, transport within cells, cell division, regulation of cell cycle, cell senescence etc. opens up a lot of target areas for drugs and treatment. For example, today there are a lot of drugs that target

the ribosomes, which has been possible because its structure and functions has been thoroughly studied.

The course will give a detailed description of

- a) The assembly of biomolecules to form a cell, which has been the crux of origin of life and the evolutionary changes thereafter, especially, the role of RNA and genetic changes.
- b) The detailed study of membrane biochemistry, transport across membranes and within cells by cytoskeleton
- c) Studying the organization of the cell and the structure and functions of various organelles.
- d) The structure and function of nucleus, cell division, cell cycle regulation and senescence

Thus, the knowledge from this course can help in the following:

- a) Research in elucidation of molecular mechanisms within a cell
- b) Research in cancer biology, tissue engineering, stem cells etc.
- c) Drug discovery targeting various anomalies due to malfunction of organelles

## **II. Course Learning Outcomes**

By the end of the paper, a student should be able to

- CO 1: Correlate the importance of semi permeable nature of plasma membrane in maintaining the integrity of a cell.
- CO 2: Evaluate how proper conformations of lipids and proteins in a membrane are needed for optimum functioning
- CO 3: Evaluate how important each organelle is to make cell the basic unit of life – the entire organization within a cell is a perfect example of division of labour with proper coordination and networking.
- CO 4: Appraise why a cell cycle needs to be regulated and when a cell does need to die.
- CO 5: Analyze experiments carried out by scientists to enable understand the working of a cell, design of experiments to prove the same and analyse the data and give interpretations.

## **III. Course Content**

### **Unit 1: Membrane Structure and Cytoskeleton**

**(1 credit)**

Membrane structure: Singer – Nicholson’s Fluid Mosaic Model, Structure and functions of membrane lipids and glycolipids – membrane fluidity and movement, lipid rafts.

Membrane proteins: structure and types; principles of membrane transport, Carrier proteins and active membrane transport, Ion channels

Membrane carbohydrates: Glycocalyx

Cytoskeleton: Nature of cytoskeleton, Intermediate filaments, Microtubules, Cilia and flagella, Actin filaments; Molecular motors associated with cytoskeleton

### **Unit 2: Cell Organelles**

**(1 credit)**

Detailed structure and functions of: Mitochondria and Chloroplast (Energy Conversions) and the Endosymbiont Theory, Endoplasmic reticulum: Rough and Smooth, Golgi apparatus,

Ribosomes, Lysosomes, Peroxisomes, Nucleus; Endomembrane network system and its importance.

**Unit 3: Cell – cell interaction and communication (1 credit)**

Importance of cell – cell interaction and cell – environment interactions, Cell adhesion molecules – homophilic and heterophilic interactions, tight junctions, adherens junctions, Desmosomes, Gap junctions, Extracellular matrix, Plant cell adhesion and plasmodesmata, General principles of cell communication, autocrine action, paracrine action, endocrine action, communication through gap junctions, eg, heart and neurons,

**Unit 4: Cell cycle and cell senescence (1 credit)**

Cell Cycle: General strategy of cell cycle, Interphase (Different stages) and Mitosis; Generation time; Cell cycle regulation.

The Mechanics of Cell division; Introduction, an overview of different stages in Mitosis, meiosis and cytokinesis.

Cell Senescence: Difference between aging and necrosis; Programmed Cell Death.

**IV. Recommended Learning Resources**

1. [Molecular Cell Biology, 7<sup>th</sup> Edition](#). Lodish, et. al.
2. Biochemistry, 4<sup>th</sup> edition. Donald Voet and Voet Judith
3. Lehninger's Principles of Biochemistry, 5<sup>th</sup> Edition. Nelson DL and Cox MM
4. [Biochemistry, 5<sup>th</sup> Edition](#). Garrett and Grisham
5. Molecular Biology of Cell – Bruce Alberts
6. Gerald Karp's Cell and Molecular Biology
7. Origin of life on the earth and in the cosmos (2<sup>nd</sup>ed), Geoffrey Zubay:Academic Press
8. Molecular Biology of the Cell, 5<sup>th</sup> Edition, Bruce Alberts et. al.
9. Organelle structure and function, David E Sadava, Jones Bartlett publishers.
10. Cytology, P.S. Verma, V.K. Agarwal, S. Chand Publications.
11. Cell and Molecular Biology, 8<sup>th</sup> Edition. De Robertis.
12. Cell and Molecular Biology, Sheeler and Bianchi
13. The Cell: A Molecular Approach, 6<sup>th</sup> Edition, G.M. Cooper
14. [Introduction to Practical Biochemistry. T. Plummer.](#)
15. [Practical Biochemistry - Satyanarayan](#)

**V. Pedagogy**

1. Classroom engagement through lectures and PowerPoints
2. Lecture videos and online resources
3. Workbooks/Group activities/Assignments/Class Tests

## VI. Evaluation

The course paper is evaluated out of 100 marks, of which 50 percent weightage is of Internal Assessment and 50 percent weightage is of the End semester examination (External)

ASSESSMENT CRITERIA	INTERNAL EVALUATION	EXTERNAL EVALUATION
Continuous Internal Assessment (CIA) I and II	35	-
Assignment (Research element)*	10	-
Attendance	05	-
End Semester Exam	-	50
<b>Total</b>	<b>50</b>	<b>50</b>

*\*The assignment comprises searching literature or experiments carried out by scientists or labs across the globe elucidating the structural and functional aspects of biomolecules, and then representing the findings as a report or article or presentation or poster.*

## **BSC. (HONS.) BIOCHEMISTRY SYLLABUS SEMESTER - II**

<b>Major Discipline Course – 2: Basic Techniques in Cell Biology</b>
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Course Title & Code	Credit Distribution of The Course			Eligibility Criteria	Prerequisite(s) of the Course (if any)
	Lecture	Tutorial	Practical / Practice		
BC – 2502: Basic Techniques in Cell Biology	0	0	4 (120 hr)	10 + 2 from a recognized board in any stream	Nil

### **I. Course Learning Objectives**

The learning objectives of this paper is as follows:

- a. To be able to develop a skill set to do qualitative and quantitative analysis of biomolecules in given cell samples.
- b. Students should understand the principles, theory, protocol and calculations for each experiment and apply them for research or small projects.
- c. They should discern the importance of precision and accuracy in reagent preparations and designing of experiments.
- d. The analysis and interpretation of each laboratory experiment should be able to initiate logical thinking and accountability.
- e. The skill set should enhance their knowledge and employability.

### **II. Course Learning Outcomes**

The main objective of the course will be to build the basic foundation as well as skill in the subject of biochemistry.

By the end of the paper, a student should be able to:

CO 1: To appraise the importance of various instruments used in Cell Biology.

CO 2: To relate principles and protocols of the experiments

CO 3: To carry out experiments related to cell lysis and analysis of cell extracts

CO 4: To identify different stages of mitosis in a dividing cell

CO 5: Corelate the design of experiments with its application in diagnostics and therapy

### **III. Course Content (Laboratory Experiments)**

1. Basic working of a Colorimeter
2. Staining and observation of yeast cells using Microscope
3. Growth curve of yeast cells by turbidometry
4. Growth curve of yeast cells by CFU Count
5. Cell count and Checking cell viability using Trypan blue

6. Staining and observation of buccal cells
7. Lipid extraction from yeast cells
8. Estimation of total lipids colorimetrically using phosphovanillic method
9. Cell Lysis methods and comparison by checking viscosity through capillary flow speed
10. Protein estimation by Biuret method
11. Protein extraction from yeast and its quantification
12. Sugar estimation by DNSA
13. Extraction of soluble sugar from plant tissue and its quantification
14. Observation of cells and mitotic stages using permanent slides
15. Observation of mitotic stages in onion root tips
16. Paper chromatography
17. Thin Layer Chromatography

#### IV. Recommended Learning Resources

1. Concepts in Biochemistry, 3<sup>rd</sup> Edition. Rodney Boyer
2. [Introduction to Practical Biochemistry. T. Plummer.](#)
3. [Textbook of Biochemistry, 4<sup>th</sup> Ed. West and Todd.](#)

#### V. Pedagogy

1. Explanation of each laboratory experiment emphasising on the use of different reagents and instruments
2. Problem solving, group activities and presentations. There are defined activities for every laboratory experiment in the journal, which encourages self-learning, peer learning, team work, developing presentation skills and reading from science articles and research papers.
3. Learning outcome based questions, which develops reading and writing skills and lab tests

#### VI. Evaluation

**The course paper is evaluated out of 100 marks, of which 50 percent weightage is of Internal Assessment and 50 percent weightage is of the End semester examination (External)**

ASSESSMENT CRITERIA	INTERNAL EVALUATION	EXTERNAL EVALUATION
Internal Practical Examination*	35	-
Assignment (Research element)**	10	-
Attendance	05	-
End Semester Practical Exam	-	50
<b>Total</b>	<b>50</b>	<b>50</b>

*\*The internal practical exam will entail the students to answer a question paper based on the experiments in their journal, to perform two experiments and give a viva voce (optional). The journal duly completed and signed will also carry weightage.*

*\*\*The assignment comprises group activities that need the students to review literature, collate and present the data or carry out a short project, collate, interpret and present the data either as an oral presentation or a poster presentation and/or a documented report.*

# BSC. (HONS.) BIOCHEMISTRY SYLLABUS

## SEMESTER - II

### Skill Enhancement Course – 1: Spectroscopy and Chromatography

Course Title & Code	Credit Distribution of The Course			Eligibility Criteria	Prerequisite(s) of the Course (if any)
	Lecture	Tutorial	Practical / Practice		
BT – 2650 Spectroscopy and Chromatography	2 (30 hr)	0	0	10 + 2 from a recognized board in any stream	Nil

#### I. Course Learning Objectives

Thus, the knowledge from this course can help in the following:

- The students could pursue a career in industries that specialize in Instrumentation specifically for Life Science Research and Analysis
- Avail jobs in Production, Quality Control and Rand D divisions of Pharmaceutical and Biotech companies.
- The students can carry out basic research in various areas of biology due to their understanding of the techniques
- Start up companies supplying basic instruments like colorimeters, pH meters, etc.

#### II. Course Outcome

By the end of the paper, a student should be able to:

- CO 1: Corelate the basic concepts of physics like adsorption, surface tension, absorption of light with concepts in biochemistry and biotechnology
- CO 2: Correlate the use of a particular technique to understand a fundamental.
- CO 3: Evaluate the advancement of biophysics opening up understanding pathways and mode of actions of various biological systems.
- CO 4: Apply the techniques for production, analysis and modifications of biomolecules.
- CO 5: Design experiments with appropriate techniques in the methodologies and analyze the data obtained.

#### III. Course Content

##### Unit 1: Colorimeter and Spectroscopy (Credit 1)

Beer-Lambert's law, principle, working of single cell and double cell colorimeter.

Principle, working, applications, advantages and disadvantages of spectrophotometers and spectrofluorimeters (expand in detail monochromators, light source)

Principle and applications of NMR, IR spectroscopy and atomic absorption spectroscopy

Analysis of spectra

## Unit 2: Chromatography

(1 Credit)

Principle of adsorption, orientation of molecules on a surface, factors affecting adsorption, application of adsorption

Principle, technique, applications, advantages and disadvantages of: Ion exchange, gel filtration, affinity chromatography. Adsorption chromatography. Thin layer chromatography, reverse phase chromatography, hydrophobic interaction chromatography, HPLC, GLC.

### IV. Recommended learning Resources

1. Berg JM, and Tymoczko TJ, Stryer L,: Biochemistry (6<sup>th</sup> Ed)
2. Daniel, C Harris: Quantitative Chemical Analysis
3. David Freifelder: Physical biochemistry (2<sup>nd</sup> Ed) WH Freeman, USA)
4. Donald Voet and Voet J: Biochemistry (4<sup>th</sup> Ed) 2011
5. Ghatak KL: Techniques and methods in Biology. PHI learning Pvt Ltd. 2011
6. Nelson DL and Cox MM: Lehninger's Principles of Biochemistry (5<sup>th</sup> Ed) 2008
7. Oser: Hawks Physiological Chemistry (4<sup>th</sup> Ed) 1965.
8. Upadhyay and Nath: Biophysical chemistry: Principles and Techniques (3<sup>rd</sup> Ed)
9. Van Holde KE: Physical Biochemistry. Prentice Hall, NJ.
10. Vogel AI: A text book of quantitative inorganic analysis (3<sup>rd</sup> Ed), 1975.
11. Westand Todd: Text book of biochemistry ((4<sup>th</sup> Ed) 1970
12. Wharton and McCarty: Experiments and methods in Biochemistry
13. Willard and Merrit: Instrumental methods of analysis (4<sup>th</sup> Ed) 1971.
14. Wilson K and Walker J: Principles and Techniques of Biochemistry and Molecular Biology (6<sup>th</sup> Ed) 2006. Cambridge University Press.

### V. Pedagogy

#### A. For Theory

1. Classroom engagement through lectures and PowerPoints
2. Lecture videos and online resources
3. Workbooks/Group activities/Assignments/Class Tests

### VI. Evaluation

The course paper is evaluated out of 50 marks, of which 50 percent weightage is of Internal Assessment and 50 percent weightage is of the End semester examination (External)

ASSESSMENT CRITERIA	INTERNAL EVALUATION	EXTERNAL EVALUATION
Continuous Internal Assassment (CIA) I and II	15	-
Assignment	05	-
Attendance	05	-
End Semester Exam	-	25
<b>Total</b>	<b>25</b>	<b>25</b>

*\*The internal evaluation of CIA II and Assignment will be based on evaluative modules prepared by the concerned faculty members, which will be outlined during the course work.*