

ST. XAVIER'S COLLEGE (AUTONOMOUS), AHMEDABAD-9
FACULTY OF SCIENCE



DEPARTMENT OF PHYSICS & ELECTRONICS

SEMESTER – II

SYLLABUS
OF
BSc ELECTRONICS (HONOURS)

BASED ON UNDERGRADUATE CURRICULUM FRAMEWORK
(NEP – 2020)

(Effective from Academic Year 2023)

Curriculum Framework for Semester – II

Course	Title	Content		Credit
DSC-1	ELMC111C Fundamental of Electronics-I	U1	Number Systems and Codes	4
		U2	Boolean Algebra	
		U3	Diodes and their Applications	
		U4	General Amplifier Characteristics	
DSC-2	ELMC112L Electronics and Experiential Lab-I	14 Experiments		4
		Experiential Lab: Hands on experiment.		
Minor	ELMN221C Basic Electronics-II	U1	Network Theorem and Filters	4
		U2	General amplifier characteristics	
		U3	14 Experiments	
		U4		
MDC	How Things Works	U1	Basics of Electricity and Household Electric Systems	4
		U2	Common Electronic Gadgets and How They Work	
		U3	Mechanical Appliances and Simple Machines	
		U4	Laboratory	
SEC	ELSE11C Electronics Design using C Programming	U1	C Language Programming	2
		U2	Electronics Designing Using C Programming	
AEC	Ability Enhancement Course		(To be offered by the concerned subject Department)	2
VAC	Value Added Course		(To be chosen from a basket of courses)	2
Total Credits				22

* DSC: Discipline Specific Core

St. Xavier's College (Autonomous), Ahmedabad

Syllabus of Semester–II to be implemented from the Academic Year 2025-26.

DEPARTMENT OF PHYSICS & ELECTRONICS

Minor Course: Basics Electronics-II

Course Code & Title	Credit Distribution of The Course				Eligibility Criteria	Prerequisite(s) of the Course (if any)
	Cr	Lecture	Lab	Activity/Case study analysis		
ELMN221C Basic Electronics-II	4	2Cr	2Cr		10 + 2 from a recognized board	Science Stream

Learning Objectives (LO)

LO1	Understand and apply various network theorems to simplify complex electrical circuits and analyze their behavior under different input conditions.
LO2	Analyze the behavior of RC filters and amplifiers under sinusoidal and non-sinusoidal signals, including their frequency response, efficiency, and distortion characteristics.

(Electronics Laboratory)

LO1	Develop hands-on skills to implement and verify fundamental network theorems, analog filters, amplifiers, and logic circuits using breadboards and soldering techniques.
LO2	Understand and analyze the behavior of analog and digital circuits through practical experiments, including signal filtering, amplification, and logic gate applications.

Course Outcomes (CO)

CO 1	Students will be able to simplify and solve electrical circuits using network theorems such as Thevenin's, Norton's, superposition, and maximum power transfer theorems.
CO 2	Students will be able to characterize and evaluate the performance of RC filters and amplifiers, including calculation of gain, bandwidth, harmonic distortion, and interpretation of phase and frequency response.

(Electronics Laboratory)

CO 1	Students will be able to design, construct, and experimentally validate electrical and electronic circuits based on theoretical principles such as Thevenin's theorem, RC filtering, and CE amplifier response.
CO 2	Students will demonstrate the ability to implement and troubleshoot digital circuits, including logic gates and code conversion (binary, gray, BCD), and understand their applications.

Unit 1: Network Theorem and Filters

Credit of Course: 1 Cr

Lecture 12 Hrs

Tutorial 3Hrs

[A] Network Theorem:

Reduction of complicated network, conversion between T and π sections, bridge T network, the lattice network, superposition theorem, the reciprocity theorem, Thevenin's theorem, Norton theorem, maximum power transfer theorem, compensation theorem.

[B] Filters:

High pass R C circuit (for sinusoidal and square wave i/p), High pass RC circuit as differentiator, Low pass R C circuit (for sinusoidal and square wave i/p), Low pass RC circuit as a integrator

Textbook:

Network, Lines and Field by John D Ryder

Publication:

Articles: 1.4, 1.5, 1.6, 1.7, 1.8, 1.9, 1.10, 1.11, 1.12, 1.13,

Unit 2: General Amplifier Characteristics

Credit of Course: 1 Cr

Lecture 12 Hrs

Tutorial 3Hrs

Concept of amplification, amplifier notation, current, voltage and power gain, amplifier input resistance and output resistance, maximum power transfer, conversion efficiency, classes of amplifier, harmonic distortion , three point method of calculating distortion, Measurement of harmonic distortion, other type of amplifier distortion Decibels, other equation for decibel computation, zero decibel reference level, use of a voltmeter as a decibel indicator, voltmeter range correction factor, frequency response, amplifier band width, phase relationship in amplifier, square wave testing.

Textbook:

Electronic Devices and Circuits by Allen Mottershead

Publication: PHI

Article: 7.1 to 7.12, 7.15, 7.16, 8.1 to 8.5, 8.7, 8.8, 8.10, 8.11

Reference Books:

- Electronic Devices and Circuit Theory by Boylestead and Namensky.
- Electronic Principles by Melvino and Bates

Unit 3&4: Electronics Lab - I

Credit of Course: 2 Cr

1	To verify the Thevenin's theorem.
2	To verify the maximum power transfer theorem.
3	To verify the superposition theorem.
4	Conversion of a given network in to T- network and π - network.
5	Common Base Transistor I/P and O/P characteristics.
6	Common Emitter Transistor I/P and O/P characteristics.
7	Common Collector Transistor I/P and O/P characteristics.
8	RC high pass filter (Soldering and Bread Board).
9	RC low pass filter (Soldering and Bread Board).
10	To design and verify band pass filter.
11	Study of two, three and four input Ex-OR gate. Ex-OR gate as a parity checker and inverter.
12	To study load characteristics and ripple factor of Bridge rectifier.
13	I-V characteristics of a photodiode.
14	Project